## Genesis 3:15-24 and 4:1-5

- As Paul waited in Athens for Timothy and
  Silas to arrive, "his spirit was
  stirred in him, when he saw the city
  wholly given to idolatry."
- He had been preaching in the synagogue and in the marketplace, and had caught the attention, not of the Jews, but of the philosophers and stoics of that city.
- You see, "all the Athenians and strangers which were there spent their time in nothing else, but either to tell, or to hear some new thing."
- And even though that seems like a vain pursuit in itself, some new things do have value.
- In fact, God's Word is full of new things.

- For instance, those who have accepted God's

  Son as their Saviour, have become new

  creations in Christ Jesus, "old things

  are passed away; behold, all things are

  become new."
- And they have access to God by a new and living way.
- Also, the book of Revelation speaks of a "new name," a "new song," a "new Jerusalem," "a new heaven and a new earth."
- And the last book of the Bible certainly hasn't outdone the first book of the Bible when it comes to new things.
- For instance, just last week in Genesis
  Chapter 3, we discovered that God is
  love.
- In spite of the fact that Adam and Eve had rebelled against Him, He sought them

- out, and reasoned with them in order to lead them to repentance.
- However, they refused to face their sin.
- Adam blamed Eve, and even blamed God, but he definitely didn't blame himself.
- "The woman whom thou gavest to be with me, she gave me of the tree, and I did eat."
- Eve was much the same---"The serpent bequiled me, and I did eat."
- Oh, it could have been so different if they had only confessed their sins and sought God's forgiveness, for God is love.

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- However, the case of the serpent was very different.
- For him, there was no room for repentance, only righteous judgment.

Genesis 3:14-15 "And the LORD God said unto the serpent, Because thou hast done this, thou art cursed above all cattle, and above every beast of the field; upon thy belly shalt thou go, and dust shalt thou eat all the days of thy life:

15: And I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel."

Although Satan was the major player in this conspiracy, he was greatly assisted by the serpent.

And it is quite instructive to note that those who aligned themselves with the great deceiver will share in his condemnation.

- Originally, the serpent must have had legs, just like any other animal.
- After all, if he had always crawled along the ground, God's words "upon thy belly shalt thou go," would have had no significance.
- So what did he look like in the beginning?

  The only indication we have of his original condition is the fact that he "--was more subtle than any beast of the field --," which only describes his mental capacity, not his physical appearance.
- However, the very fact that Satan chose him in the first place would seem to indicate that he was quite appealing to look at.
- So was he like a graceful deer? or maybe a brightly colored tiger? or was he

simply a lizard, which is kind of like a serpent on legs?

We don't really know.

But he certainly would have been much superior to the fallen creature we have with us today.

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However, there is much more involved here than the judgment of an animal.

Yes, there's no doubt in my mind that God was also judging Satan.

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I'm sure the Devil had big plans for the human race when he first approached Eve.

Handled properly, they could become valuable allies in his war against God.

And indeed, down through the ages, millions have marched to the beat of his drum.

- However, his campaign to solicit man's help has been much hindered by the natural aversion that mankind has for Satan.
- Yes, the words "And I will put enmity

  between thee and the woman, and between

  thy seed and her seed--" goes much

  further then the repulsion we feel for

  slithering serpents.
- In fact, if we could see Satan as he really is, we would flee from him.
- Consequently, he hides his true identity in order to accomplish his purposes, even appearing as "an angel of light."
- Nevertheless, he is a defeated foe, and his ultimate doom was foretold, way back in Eden.
- V 15 "And I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her

## seed; it shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel."

- And did you notice that it wasn't the seed of the man that was mentioned in this verse, but rather it was "her seed" that would bruise his head.
- Actually, this is the first mention of the virgin birth of Christ, way back in the book of Genesis.
- Satan would bruise "his heel" at Calvary,
  but praise God, Christ would bruise his
  head.
- In the very place where he thought he would gain his greatest victory, he experienced his greatest defeat.
- As Christ's blood was shed, a vast multitude of Satan's subjects were delivered from the power of darkness.

- And did you notice the reference that was made to Satan's "seed"?
- There has always been an "enmity" between those who follow Satan and God's people.
- Yes, the church will be persecuted as long as there's a godly man on this side of heaven and a wicked man on this side of hell.
- The apostle Paul was quite clear on this point when he said, "Marvel not, my brethren, if the world hate you." 1
  John 3:13.

But there's another aspect to the se

But there's another aspect to the serpent's punishment that is quite instructive.

- Abraham once said, "Shall not the Judge of all the earth do right?" And certainly the answer is yes.
- So in God's judgment of the serpent, we have a landmark decision concerning relative guilt.
- You see, the serpent didn't actually disobey God's commandment.
- He didn't eat the forbidden fruit, and, for that matter, he had never been prohibited from doing so, but he was punished quite severely.

- Today we have a distorted philosophy concerning the matter of guilt.
- I call it the "label" theory.
- MAY BE INJURIOUS TO YOUR HEALTH--on a package of cigarettes--is supposed to

render the supplier of this known harmful drug completely guiltless.

- VIEWER DISCRETION ADVISED--gives you the right to show evil things on TV, because now it's the viewer's responsibility.
- According to this theory, it would be quite all right to dig a big hole in the middle of a well travelled path, as long as you put up a sign (in small letters) "Watch your step." If you fall into sin, or any other kind of pit, it's not our fault.
- However, when God is the judge, and ultimately He always is, the tempter will not go unpunished.

- I suppose we can expect that kind of attitude in this present evil world, but what about the body of Christ?
- What should a Christian's attitude be?
- Actually, the apostle Paul was very circumspect concerning this subject.
- He said "---if meat make my brother to

  offend, I will eat no flesh while the

  world standeth, lest I make my brother

  to offend."
- Yes, we are our brother's keeper, and we must be careful lest we put a stumbling block in his way.
- For instance, if a Christian lady is not modest in her apparel, she can stumble a Christian brother.
- If we present a bad testimony before our unsaved neighbours and turn them away

from Christ, God will hold us responsible.

Yes, we must--"Give none offence, neither to the Jews, nor to the Gentiles, nor to the church of God."

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And then in Genesis 3:16, God turned to unrepentant Eve. "--- I will greatly multiply thy sorrow and thy conception; in sorrow thou shalt bring forth children; and thy desire shall be to thy husband, and he shall rule over thee."

We all know what this multiplication of sorrow involved.

And if the men are not clear on that point, just ask your wives.

- But what did God mean when He said, -- "I will greatly multiply"---"thy conception"?
- Back in Genesis 1:28, God had said, "Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth."
- Things were much different when He said that.
- Yes, when God gave them that commandment, their bodies were incorruptible.
- They could multiply and replenish the earth without the problem of death subtracting from their multiplication.
- But under these new circumstances, the birth rate would need to be much higher in order to accomplish the same purpose.
- Not only would they need to "replenish the earth," but they must satisfy the grim reaper as well.

Therefore God said, "I will greatly multiply thy sorrow and thy conception".

It was a necessary evil.

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- However, that wasn't the only answer to the mortality problem.
- Although mankind had ceased to be incorruptible, God allowed him to enjoy a long life span.
- For instance, even though Adam was under the curse, he lived to be 930 years old.

And he wasn't the exception.

- Just scan over Chapter 5, and you will discover that longevity was the norm.
- Nevertheless, even with this longer period for child bearing, man was still corruptible, and one of Eve's necessary judgments would need to be, "I will

greatly multiply thy sorrow and thy conception."

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Also, because of Eve's faulty leadership,
she would now be under the authority of
her husband--"and thy desire shall be
to thy husband, and he shall rule over
thee."

- But Adam was also guilty, and just as unrepentant.
- He had followed Eve rather than God, and he must reap the harvest of his sin.
- V 17-19 "And unto Adam he said, Because thou hast hearkened unto the voice of thy wife, and hast eaten of the tree, of which I commanded thee, saying, Thou shalt not eat of it: cursed is the ground for thy sake; in sorrow shalt

thou eat of it all the days of thy life;

- 18: Thorns also and thistles shall it bring forth to thee; and thou shalt eat the herb of the field;
- 19: In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread, till thou return unto the ground; for out of it wast thou taken: for dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thou return."
- --- "cursed is the ground for thy sake."
- This curse was to play out in two ways, the most immediate being the change in the vegetation---"Thorns also and thistles shall it bring forth to thee--."
- Yes, it would yield its abundance grudgingly.

- Mixed with its increase would be thorns and thistles to sting the hands that looked for good.
- Pain mixed with blessing. It's the pattern of a fallen world.
- V 18 --- "and thou shalt eat the herb of the field."
- Yes, man was still a vegetarian, and as such, he must gain his only sustenance ---"in the sweat of" his face.

- However, the second part of the curse was even more devastating.
- Someday Adam's body would return to the dust.
- Corruption, and finally death, had entered his world, and it would envelope both himself and his dominion.

- Yes, he had been given dominion "over every living thing that moveth upon the earth," and for his sake they would be "subject to vanity."
- Death would come slowly, but it would come surely, and it would envelope them all.
- V 19 "In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread, till thou return unto the ground; for out of it wast thou taken: for dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thou return."
- God had warned them, "--in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die," but they had eaten anyhow.
- So now Adam's wonderful body would "return unto the ground."
- The time-clock of aging had started to tick, and someday it would run down.

- On that fateful day when Adam and Eve had disobeyed God, they died in two ways.
- First of all, they died spiritually, being separated from God.
- But also, they had begun their long journey to the grave.
- It seemed like such a hopeless situation.
- But God is love, and even in the curse, hope was to be found.
- One glorious day in the future, the very thorns of Adam's curse would be worn as a crown.
- And even though "The sting of death is sin,"

  Christ would rise victorious over sin

  and death.
- "For since by man came death, by man came also the resurrection of the dead." -I Corinthians 15:21

- Yes, Christ has redeemed our spirits and our bodies from Adam's curse.
- Because of Christ, we have fellowship with the Father, and even if our bodies go back to the dust, they will be "raised incorruptible" someday.
- Or maybe they won't go back to the dust at all!
- We might meet the *Upper Taker* before we meet the undertaker.
- 1 Corinthians 15:51-57 "Behold, I shew you
   a mystery; We shall not all sleep, but
   we shall all be changed,
  - 52: In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed.
  - 53: For this corruptible must put on

incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality.

54: So when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory.

55: O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory?

56: The sting of death is sin; and the strength of sin is the law.

57: But thanks be to God, which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ."

Oh yes, for those in Christ, Adam's curse has been removed.

- V 20 "And Adam called his wife's name Eve; because she was the mother of all living."
- This doesn't sound like the same man that had blamed everyone else but himself.
- No, it appears that God's judgment had sobered his thinking.

- At one time, it seemed so long ago, he had named all the animals in God's creation.
- Now he was being allowed to name his wife.
- He called her Eve, "the mother of all living," rather than the mother of all

dying.

It showed his faith in God.

And he made a good choice.

- And by the way, that name also precludes the false idea that humans originated in several parts of the earth.
- She was "the mother of all living."

Yes, Adam and Eve had changed.

- As their fig leaves began to wilt, so did their defensive attitude, and now they were open to God's provision.
- V 21 "Unto Adam also and to his wife did the LORD God make coats of skins, and clothed them."
- They were open to God's provision all right, but it didn't come without cost.
- Remember Genesis 2:17--"in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die."
- That was according to God's Word, and it could not be changed---"For the wages of sin is death."

Under normal circumstances, they would have been separated from God for eternity.

But there was another way.

They could die by substitution.

Yes, God the Creator, the giver of life, could become the taker of life.

So in that wonderful vegetarian world where death had always been a stranger, a cry of pain was heard, and one of God's creatures lay kicking in the dust.

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Were Adam and Eve present when that sacrifice was made?

From our knowledge of the Levitical sacrifices, it seems quite possible that they were.

In our day, sin is viewed so lightly, but
the fact of the matter is, "the wages
of sin is death."

- And for Adam and Eve, the death of their substitute would drive home the seriousness of their sin, and the tremendous cost of their reconciliation.
- Oh, they would still grow old, but now their sins would be covered, and their fellowship with God would be restored.
- And God, Who cannot look on sin, would be able to look upon His children, and find that they were not naked.

- So right on the heels of the doctrine of substitution, we see the doctrine of atonement.
- Atonement is the English word that we use to express the Hebrew thought, "to cover."
- Yes, their substitute had provided a covering.

- From that point on, God wouldn't see the man and woman who had betrayed His trust.

  He would see their substitute.
- And all through Old Testament times, the sacrifices provided that necessary atonement, or covering.
- But sin couldn't be covered forever.
- The debt must be paid, and the books must be balanced some day.
- God's righteousness requires it.
- And even in the day when God covered Adam and Eve with skins, He knew that some day, atonement must give way to redemption, for "--it is not possible that the blood of bulls and of goats should take away sins." Hebrews 10:4.
- However, because they foreshadowed the ultimate Sacrifice that would come at Calvary, they would suffice for now.

Yes, they would forestall God's righteous judgment until"--the Lamb of God, which taketh away the sin of the world" would come.

- However, in Adam's case, there was another problem.
- V 22-24 "And the LORD God said, Behold, the man is become as one of us, to know good and evil: and now, lest he put forth his hand, and take also of the tree of life, and eat, and live for ever:
  - 23: Therefore the LORD God sent him forth from the garden of Eden, to till the ground from whence he was taken.

    24: So he drove out the man; and he placed at the east of the garden of Eden Cherubims, and a flaming sword

## which turned every way, to keep the way of the tree of life."

Adam had disobeyed the Lord once, so he certainly couldn't be trusted in the matter of "the tree of life."

No, he must be removed from the garden.

But this removal wasn't another judgment.

In fact, it was a mercy.

You see, Adam and Eve had a fallen nature, and would perpetuate their sins.

However, after their death, they would live on in heaven, free from sin, and in a state that would even surpass Eden.

But what if they took of the "tree of life" and lived on forever in their fallen condition?

This could not be permitted.

- Of course, the prospects of working for his bread by the sweat of his face, rather than freely eating of the fruit of the garden, would not be too appealing.
- No, Adam wouldn't be inclined to leave voluntarily.
- So God "--- drove out the man" against his will.
- Sometimes we don't understand God's ways, but even His tough love is always best.
- No, it wasn't an act of judgment, but rather an act of mercy, and a time of sorrow both for God and man.

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And so we begin Chapter 4 outside of Eden.

V 1 "And Adam knew Eve his wife; and she conceived, and bare Cain, and said, I have gotten a man from the LORD."

- Adam had been created from the dust of the earth, and certainly that was a wonderful work of God.
- And then Eve, in an equally wonderful way, had been created from Adam's body.
- Now for the very first time, a man had been created from Eve's body.
- And by the way, she still had all her ribs intact!
- Yes, it was a miracle to equal their own creation, and Eve was filled with wonder! --"I have gotten a man from the LORD."
- And yet this very first birth was no more of a miracle, no more of a creation of God, than any birth today!
- How callous we have become.
- We plan our families as if it was all up to us.

- And with our prevailing belief in evolution, we don't even consider the possibility that life is a gift of God.
- And if God is not taken into account in the birth of our children, then pro-choice is normal, and abortion is acceptable.
- But Eve had it right: --- "I have gotten a man from the LORD."

- V 2 "And she again bare his brother Abel.

  And Abel was a keeper of sheep, but

  Cain was a tiller of the ground."
- Cain, a tiller of the ground, is a picture of the earthly man.
- Abel, as we will soon see, was a man of faith.

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In Genesis 3:21, God had covered Adam and Eve's nakedness with coats of skins.

- Blood had been shed, and life had been taken, so God was now able to forebear His condemnation.
- But what about their sons?
- There's no record in scripture of them being covered with skins.
- And it is a mistake to assume that the children of godly parents are automatically covered by the blood.
- No, salvation is not inherited. It is a personal choice.
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- As we have already seen, Cain was a tiller of the ground.
- Along with his father, he provided food for their vegetarian family.
- It was a valuable contribution, but what about Abel?

- What was the good of keeping sheep when the family didn't eat meat?
- Of course they would provide milk, but would milk be acceptable in their diet of herbs and fruit specified in the Genesis 1:29?
- So the only answer I can think of is Abel's sheep must have provided wool for clothing.
- Like their parents, Cain and Abel would feel the need of clothing, even if the climate was temperate.
- So I'm guessing--and it's only a thought-that the wool would have been used for clothing.
- However, that type of clothing did not require the shedding of blood.
- No substitute had been provided for an atonement.

- Yes, as far as an atonement was concerned, their clothing was no better than fig leaves.
- But did they really need an atonement?

  After all, neither one of them had eaten of the forbidden fruit.
- Well, actually, they did need an atonement.
- Romans 5:19 says, "For as by one man's disobedience many were made sinners," and they were the sons of their father; part of a fallen race.
- Also, because of their sin nature, by this time they would have been sinners by choice.
- Yes, they needed a substitute, and as yet they didn't have one.

V 3 begins with the phrase, "And in process of time---."

- Over the years, God would have stirred up their hearts concerning their lost condition.
- I remember the time when I was a young man of about 17.
- I attended the United Church, the church I had been brought up in.
- I sang in the choir, held an office in the young people's group, and thought I was a Christian.
- But then God stirred up my heart, and I realized there was something wrong.
- And, apparently, God had been stirring up

  Cain and Abel's heart concerning their

  lost condition.
- V 3-5 "And in process of time it came to pass, that Cain brought of the fruit of the ground an offering unto the LORD. 4: And Abel, he also brought of the

- firstlings of his flock and of the fat thereof. And the LORD had respect unto Abel and to his offering:
- 5: But unto Cain and to his offering he had not respect."
- Their offerings were quite different because their hearts were quite different.
- And as it turned out, God's response was quite different.
- I hope you can be with us for next week's lesson when we find out just exactly what that difference was.